

The Sign2 Project

*Digital Translation of American Sign-
Language to Audio and Text*

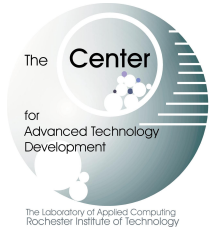
The **Center**
for
Advanced Technology
Development

The Laboratory of Applied Computing
Rochester Institute of Technology

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Advisor: Dr. Chance Glenn,

The Center for Advanced Technology Development
Rochester Institute of Technology



Abstract

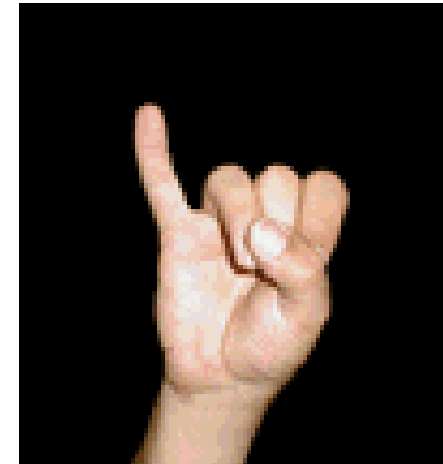
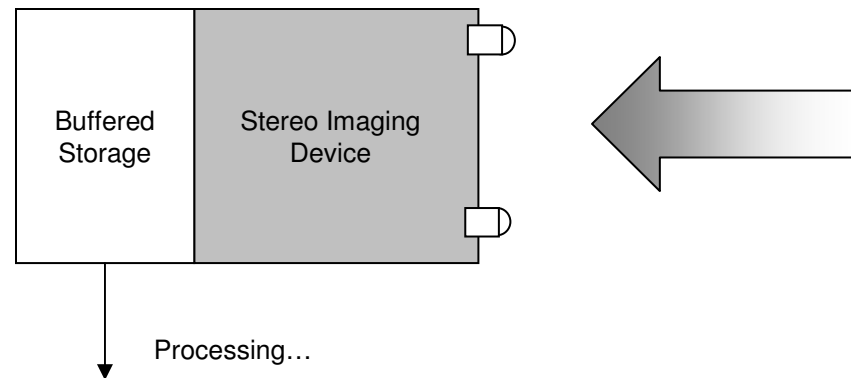
The purpose of my research is to implement a device or apparatus that captures American Sign Language and converts it into sound and/or text. This will enable people who cannot use sign language to communicate with deaf and hard of hearing people.

The way I plan to achieve these results are through the means of image processing. Using a combined method developed within Rochester Institute of Technology and Binghamton University, we are using a set of default “points” set all over the left and right hands (Points-of-Digital Articulation) to extract and compute into a database different letters of the American Sign Language. This will be expanded on with more body movements later on.

By maximizing, the results I wish to obtain will lead to the production of a portable device that can be worn or carried by a deaf or hearing impaired individual that can translate American Sign Language into English text or sound, in real-time, in a efficient manner

Project Statement

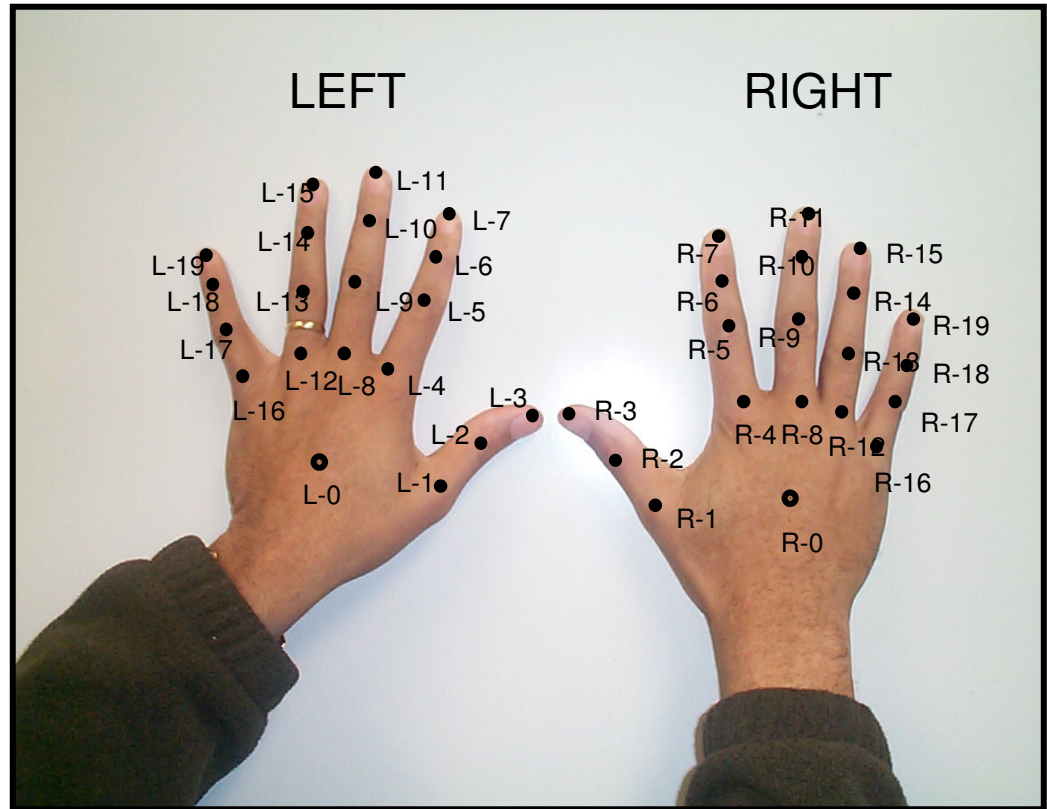
“The purpose of my research is to implement a device or apparatus that captures American Sign Language and converts it into sound and/or text. This will enable people who cannot use sign language to communicate with deaf and hard of hearing people.”



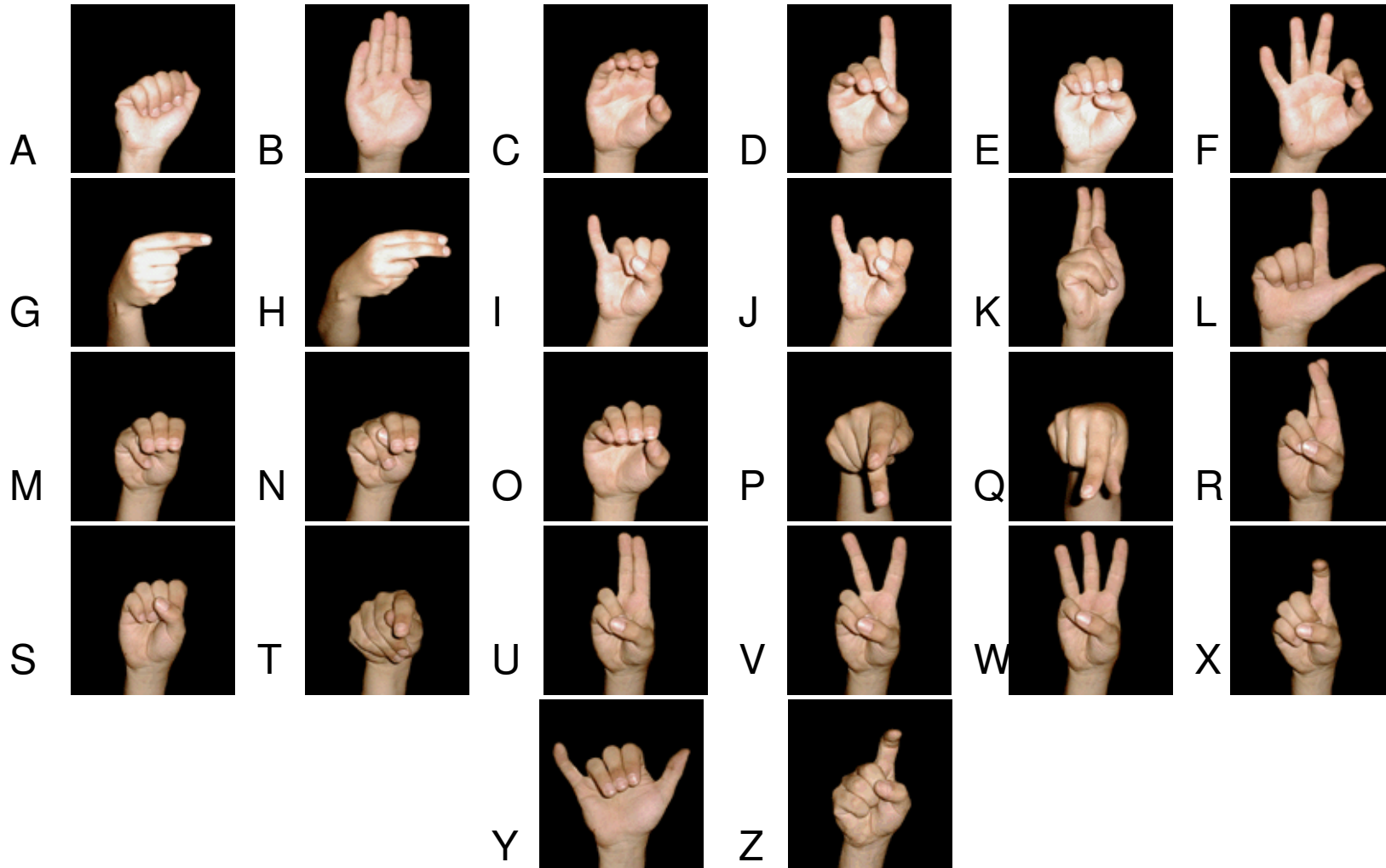
“Hello, how are you?”

The Approach

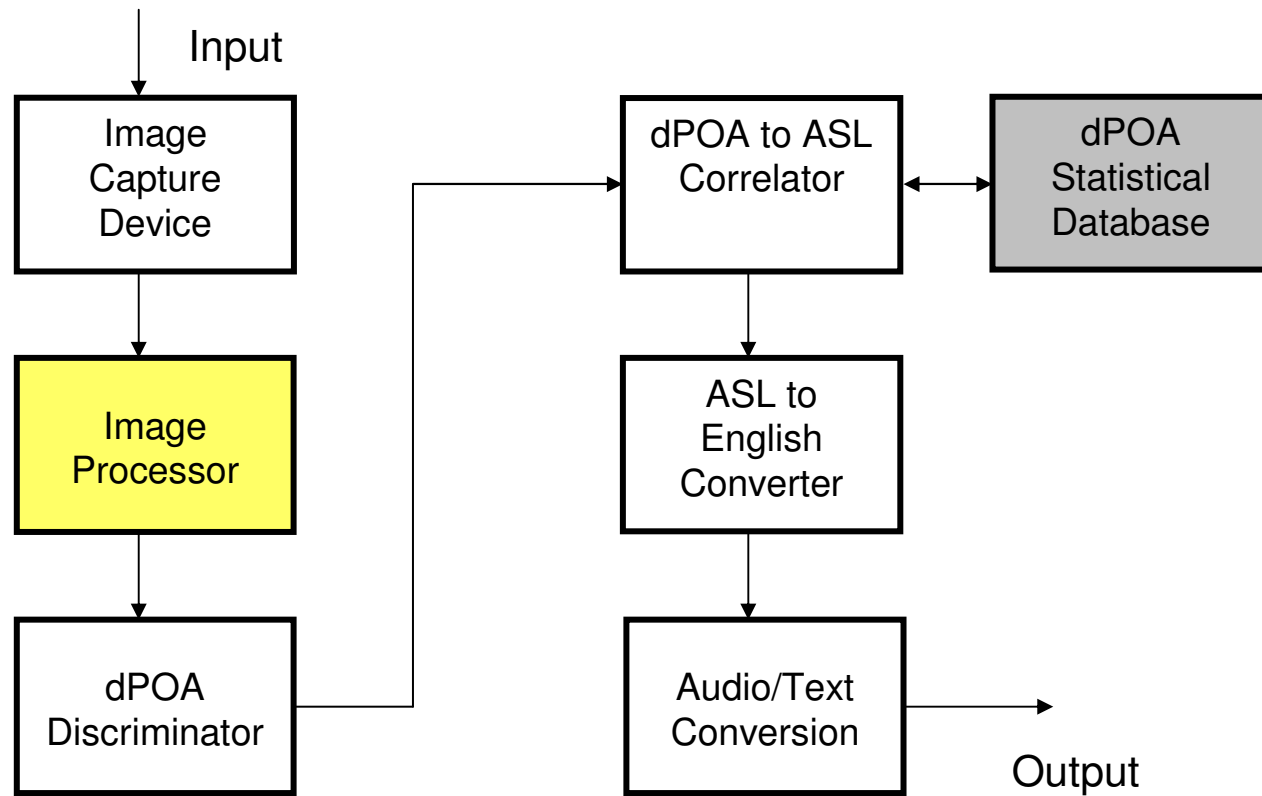
- The approach employs the use of advanced image processing.
- Using a combined method developed within Rochester Institute of Technology and Binghamton University, we establish *digital points of articulation* (dPOAs) to extract critical data from the image.
- We will demonstrate this in ASL fingerspelling. This will be expanded on with more body movements later on.



American Sign Language Alphabet



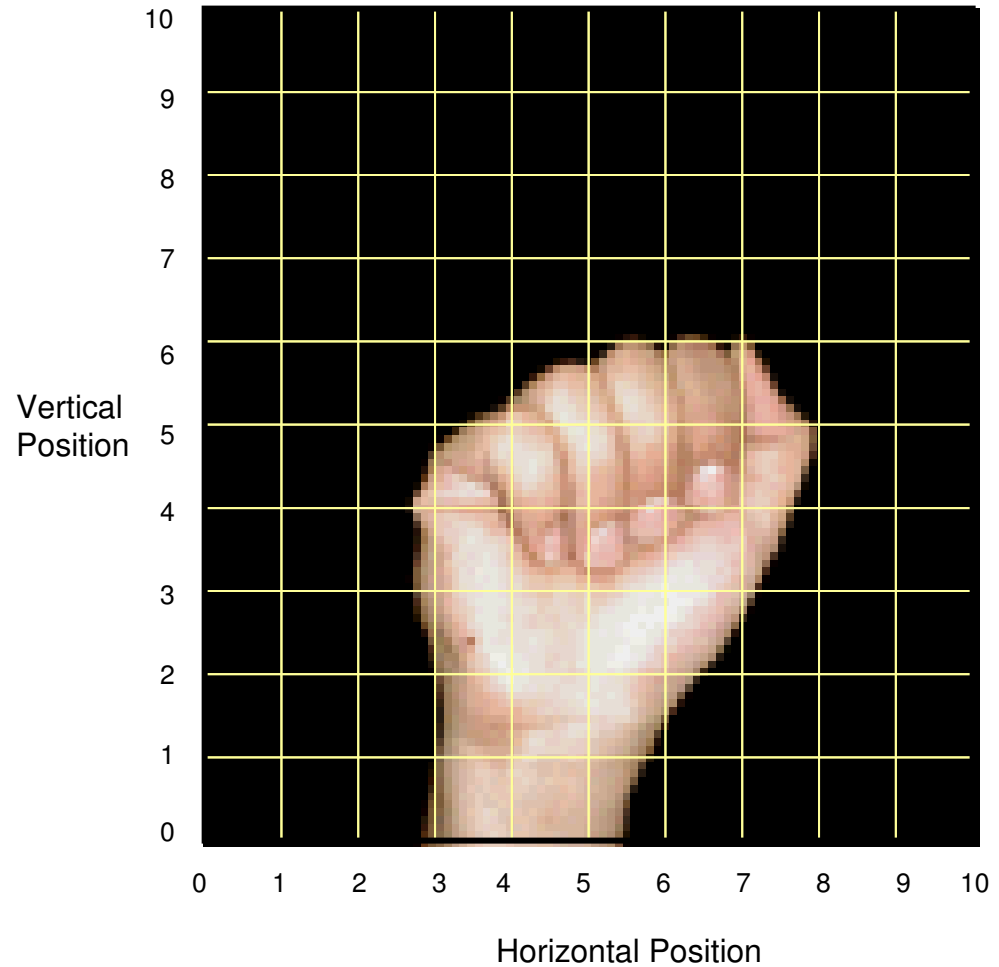
Sign2 System Block Diagram

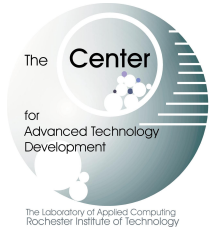


Some Examples...

Letter: A

| POAr Indicator | H-Position | V-Position |
|----------------|------------|------------|
| R-0 | 5.5 | 4 |
| R-1 | 7.5 | 3.5 |
| R-2 | 7.9 | 5 |
| R-3 | 7 | 6 |
| R-4 | | |
| R-5 | 6.5 | 6 |
| R-6 | 6 | 8.1 |
| R-7 | 6 | 9.2 |
| R-8 | | |
| R-9 | 5.5 | 6 |
| R-10 | 5.7 | 5 |
| R-11 | 5.7 | 3.7 |
| R-12 | | |
| R-13 | 4.5 | 5.7 |
| R-14 | 5 | 4.5 |
| R-15 | 5.2 | 3.2 |
| R-16 | 3 | 4 |
| R-17 | 4 | 5.2 |
| R-18 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| R-19 | 4.5 | 3.5 |

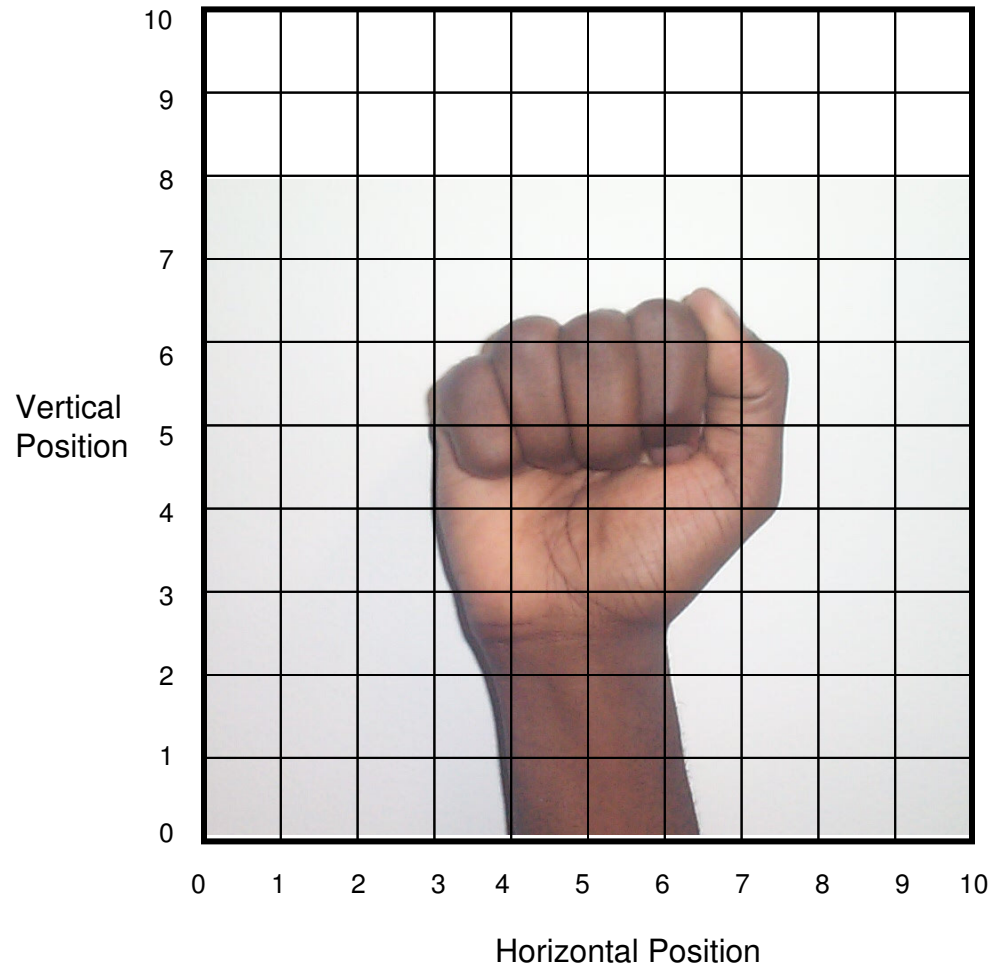




Some Examples...

Letter: A (2nd Trial)

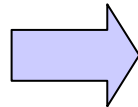
| POAr Indicator | H-Position | V-Position |
|----------------|------------|------------|
| R-0 | 5 | 4 |
| R-1 | 7.5 | 3.5 |
| R-2 | 7.5 | 5.5 |
| R-3 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| R-4 | | |
| R-5 | 6 | 6.2 |
| R-6 | 6 | 5 |
| R-7 | 6 | 4.5 |
| R-8 | | |
| R-9 | 5 | 6 |
| R-10 | 5 | 4.5 |
| R-11 | 5 | 4.2 |
| R-12 | | |
| R-13 | 4 | 6 |
| R-14 | 4.5 | 5 |
| R-15 | 4.5 | 4.2 |
| R-16 | 3 | 4 |
| R-17 | 3.5 | 5.5 |
| R-18 | 4.2 | 3.5 |
| R-19 | 4 | 4 |



After Imagine Capturing...

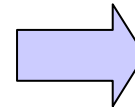
| RIGHT | A | |
|-------|-----|-----|
| POAr | x | y |
| 0 | 5.5 | 4 |
| 1 | 7.5 | 3.5 |
| 2 | 7.9 | 5 |
| 3 | 7 | 6 |
| 4 | | |
| 5 | 6.5 | 6 |
| 6 | 6 | 8.1 |
| 7 | 6 | 9.2 |
| 8 | | |
| 9 | 5.5 | 6 |
| 10 | 5.7 | 5 |
| 11 | 5.7 | 3.7 |
| 12 | | |
| 13 | 4.5 | 5.7 |
| 14 | 5 | 4.5 |
| 15 | 5.2 | 3.2 |
| 16 | 3 | 4 |
| 17 | 4 | 5.2 |
| 18 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| 19 | 4.5 | 3.5 |

scaling & positioning



| x-scaled | y-scaled |
|----------|----------|
| 0 | 0 |
| 2.5 | 0 |
| 2.5 | 1.5 |
| 1 | 1.5 |
| -5 | -4 |
| 1 | 3 |
| 1 | 4 |
| 1 | 5 |
| -5 | -4 |
| 0 | 3 |
| 0 | 4.2 |
| 0 | 5.5 |
| -5 | -4 |
| -0.8 | 3 |
| -0.5 | 4 |
| -0.5 | 5 |
| -2 | 0.5 |
| -1.5 | 2 |
| -1.5 | 3 |
| -1.3 | 3.8 |

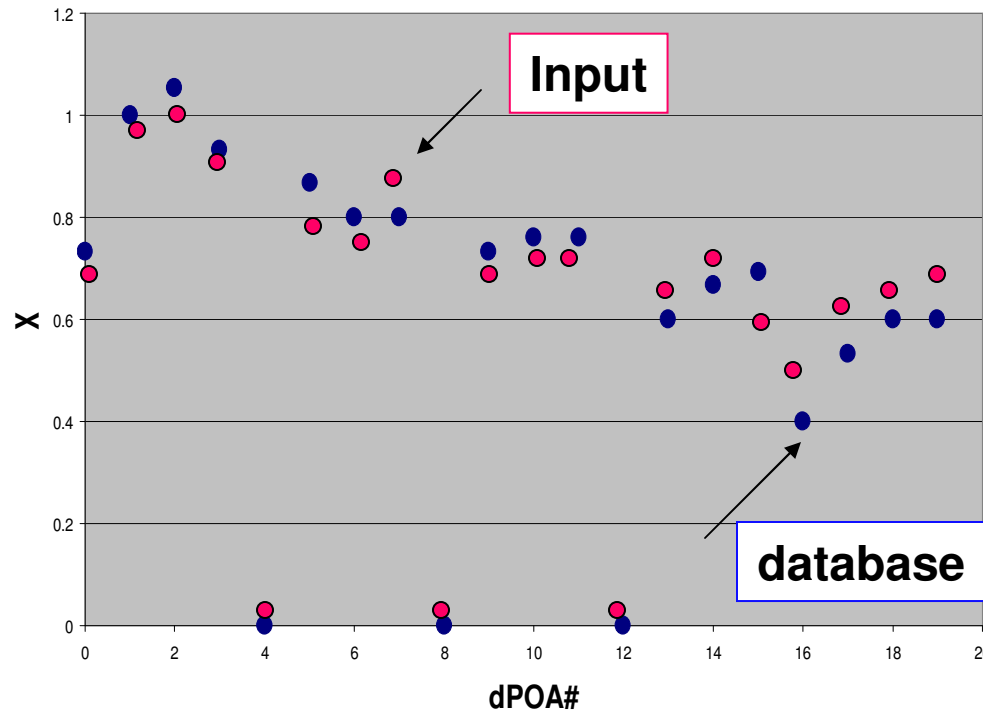
normalization



| x-norm | y-norm |
|----------|----------|
| 0.666667 | 0.421053 |
| 1 | 0.421053 |
| 1 | 0.578947 |
| 0.8 | 0.578947 |
| 0 | 0 |
| 0.8 | 0.736842 |
| 0.8 | 0.842105 |
| 0.8 | 0.947368 |
| 0 | 0 |
| 0.666667 | 0.736842 |
| 0.666667 | 0.863158 |
| 0.666667 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 |
| 0.56 | 0.736842 |
| 0.6 | 0.842105 |
| 0.6 | 0.947368 |
| 0.4 | 0.473684 |
| 0.466667 | 0.631579 |
| 0.466667 | 0.736842 |
| 0.493333 | 0.821053 |

Error Correlation

X-Normalized vs. dPOA#

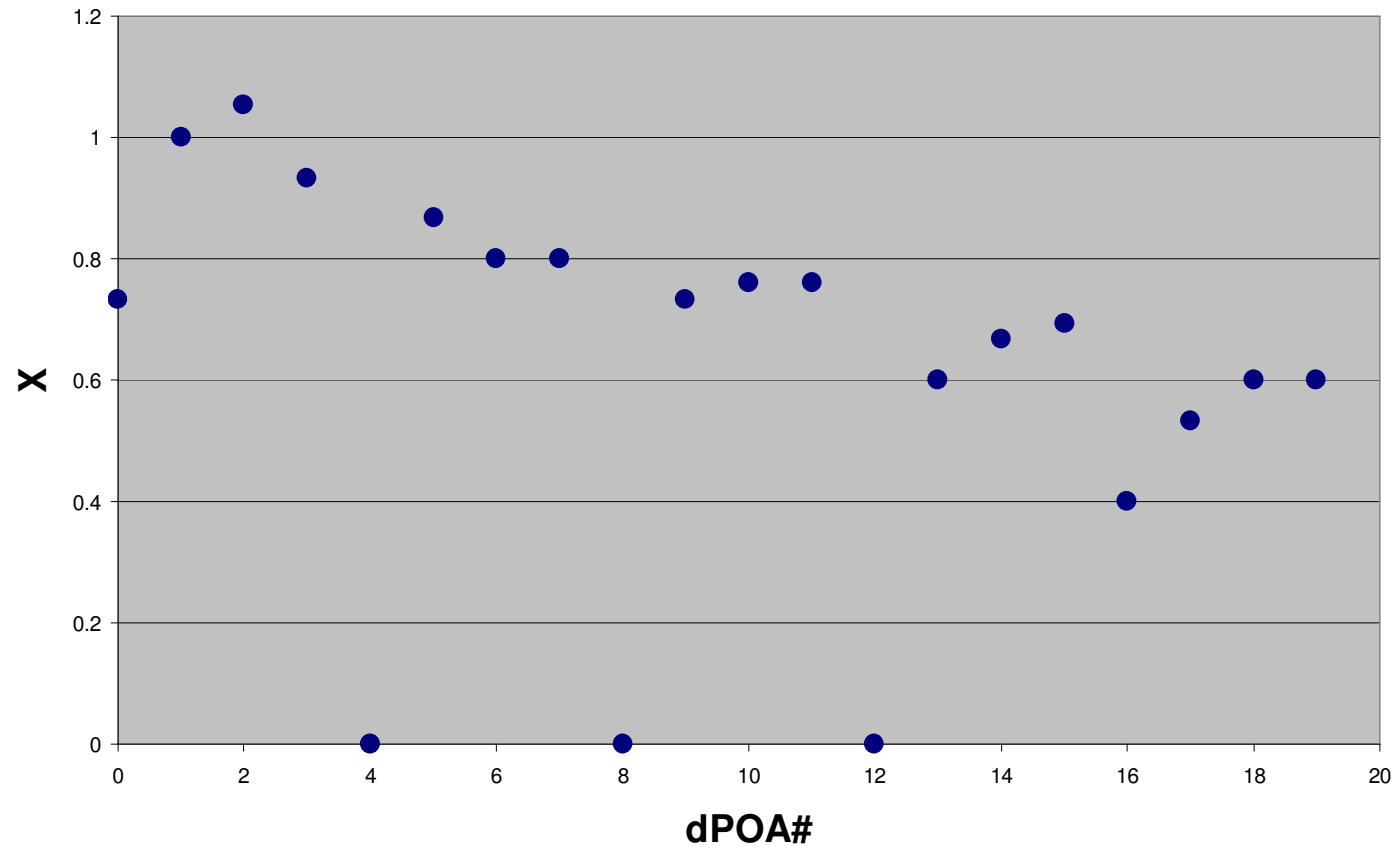


$$e_n = \left| d_n^B - d_n^I \right|$$

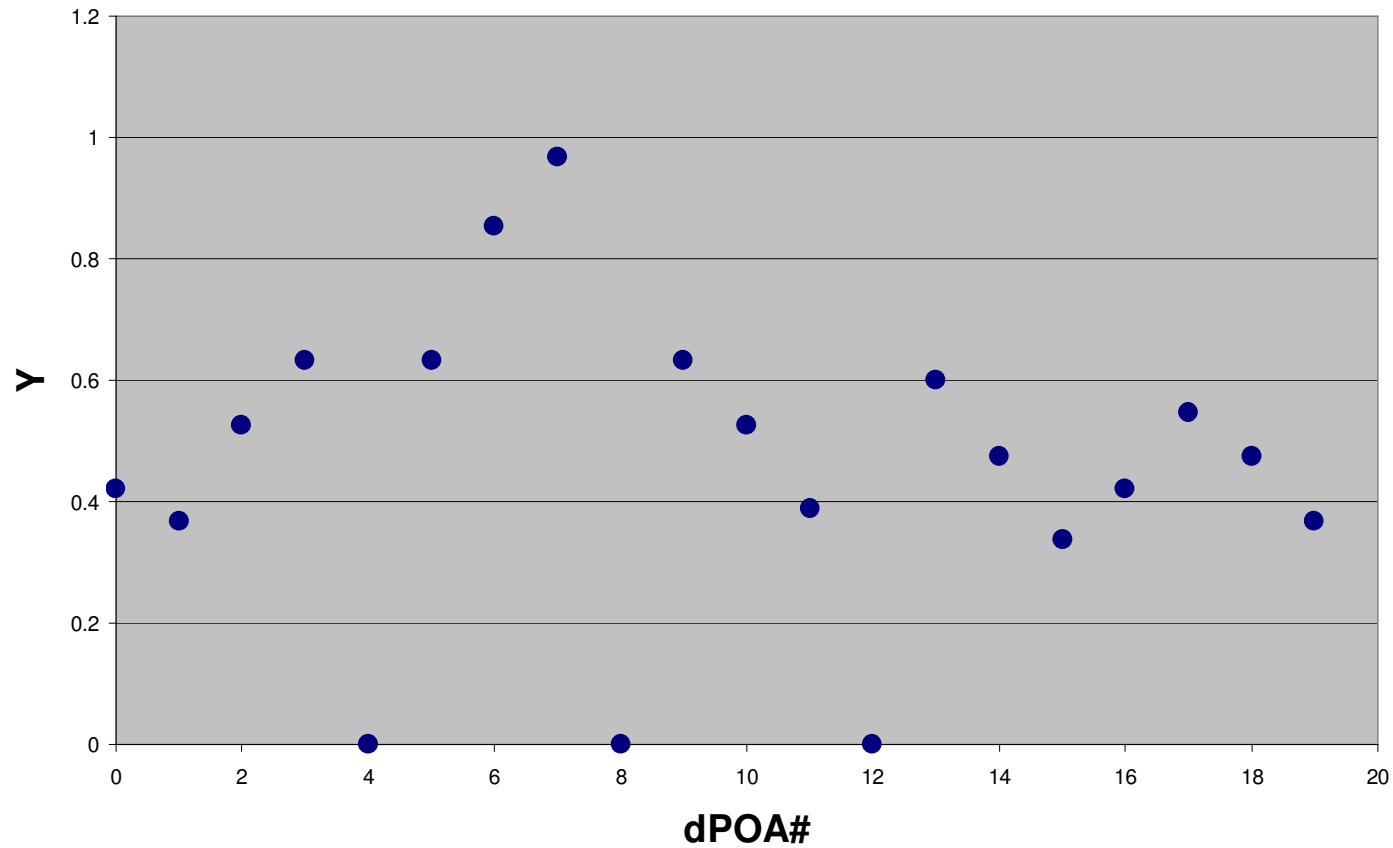
$$e_T = \sum_{n=1}^{19} e_n$$

Where e_T is minimized, there suggest a match with a pre-stored letter from the statistical database.

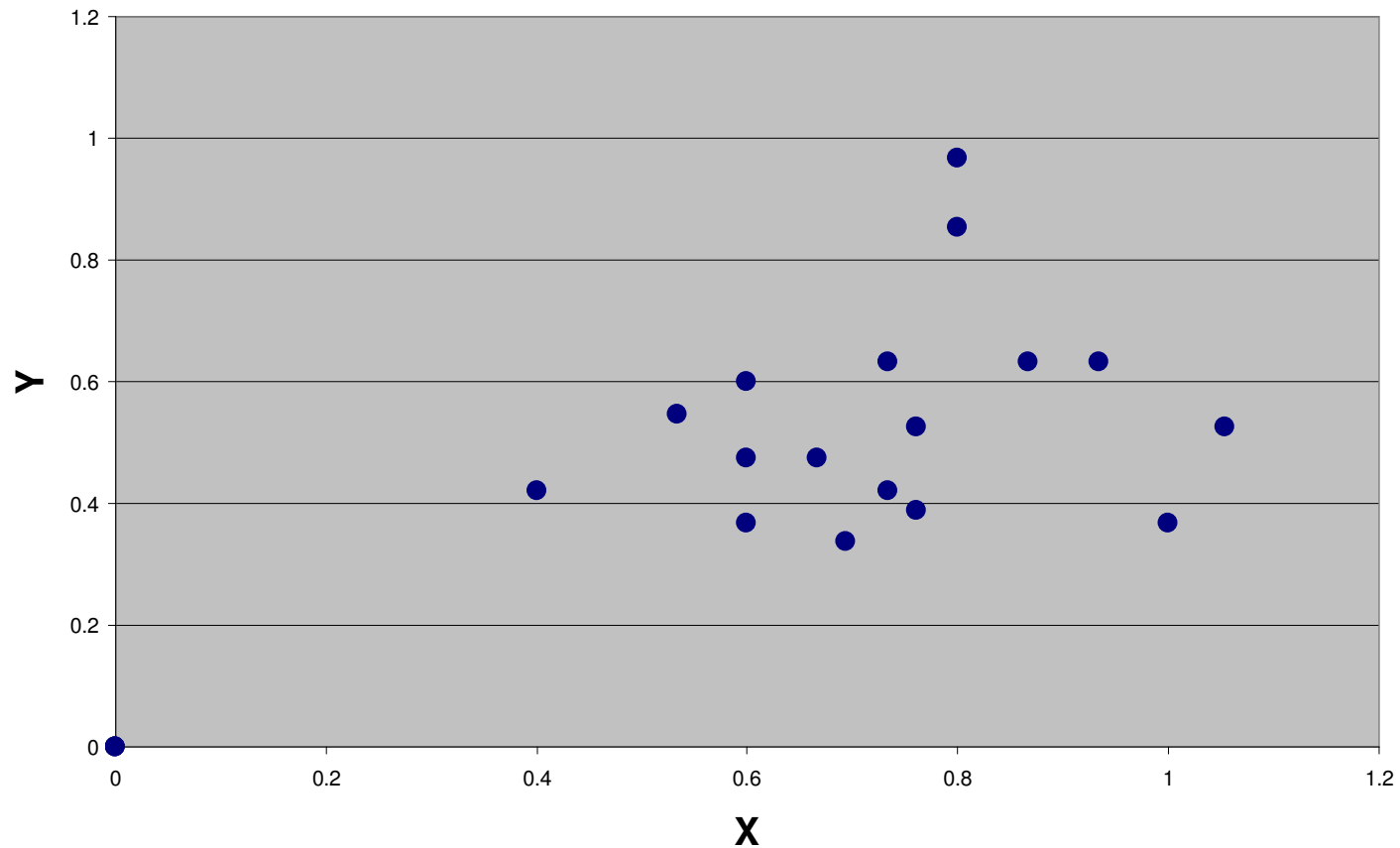
X-Normalized vs. dPOA#

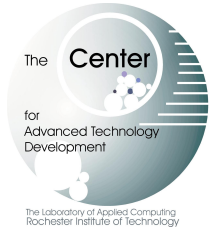


Y-Normalized vs. dPOA#



Y-Normalized vs. X-Normalized





Conclusions

Through these results, I wish to lead the production of a portable device that can be worn or carried by a deaf or hearing impaired individual that can translate American Sign Language into English text or sound, in real-time, in a efficient manner. This device may be worn around the neck, or even placed on the hip.

The realization of this device would allow a person who does not know sign-language to communicate with a deaf person.



References

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